

CELSTRAN® CFR-TP PET GF60-10

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CELSTRAN® CFR-TP PET-GF60-10 is a polyethylene terephthalate that is 60% E-glass by weight continuous fiber (uni-directional) reinforced thermoplastic composite tape. The material exhibits a high strength-to-weight ratio, excellent toughness and chemical resistance. It is well suited for industrial, automotive and sporting goods applications where cost and process ability are critical. Alternate tape widths and thicknesses may be available. Restricted grade due to development status.

Product information

Fiber volume content	43.4 %	ISO 11667
Tape thickness	0.24 mm	ISO 16012
Tape width	326 mm	ISO 16012
Tape areal weight	462 g/m ²	
Fiber areal weight	278 g/m ²	

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile modulus, Tape 0°	32800 MPa	ASTM D 3039 M
Tensile strength, Tape 0°	825 MPa	ASTM D 3039 M
Tensile strain at failure, Tape 0°	2.7 %	ASTM D 3039 M
Flexural modulus, Tape 0°	35000 MPa	ASTM D 790
Flexural strength, Tape 0°	770 MPa	ASTM D 790
Flexural strain at failure, Tape 0°	2.7 %	ASTM D 790

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	245 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
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Physical/Other properties

Density	1840 kg/m ³	ISO 1183
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Injection

Drying Recommended	yes
Drying Temperature	100 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	4 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.04 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	280 °C
Min. melt temperature	265 °C
Max. melt temperature	300 °C
Screw tangential speed	0.1 - 0.3 m/s
Mold Temperature Optimum	120 °C
Min. mould temperature	120 °C
Max. mould temperature	120 °C

Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding, Transfer Moulding, Thermoforming, Compression moulding
Delivery form	Tape
Special characteristics	U.V. stabilised or stable to weather

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Additional information

Compression molding

Processing

Celstran® CFR-TP Tape Laminate Processing Guidelines

Celstran® CFR-TP can be molded using a heated platen compression molding press. A hardened steel, aluminum or flexible tooling can be used depending on the application. The tool should be treated with a mold release prior to molding.

The molding cycle consists of the following steps:

1. The platens should be heated above the polymer matrix melt temperature.
2. The individual lamina should be constructed and placed in the tool to achieve the desired laminate reinforcement orientation.
3. The tool is placed between the platens and the platens are closed to achieve a contact pressure on the tool less than 30 psi (2 bar).
4. The tool is allowed to rise in temperature until stabilizing at the initial temperature the platens were set to.
5. The pressure is increased to the desired amount and held for a recommended time.
6. Air and/or water cooling is initiated until the material reaches a temperature sufficiently below the melt and peak crystallization temperatures wherein the pressure is reduced to a contact pressure less than 15 psi (1 bar).
7. The tool is continually cooled until reaching a temperature, typically at or below the glass transition point, at which the pressure is completely removed and the part de-molded from the tool. It should be noted that the choice of tooling, geometry and heating/cooling mechanisms will greatly dictate processing conditions, and thus, optimization specific to the individual molders' capabilities is necessary. Additionally, the resin is what dictates the molding temperatures, whereas the sample thickness is what determines the time. As the thickness increases, the time at melt should also increase to account for the time for heat to conduct to the center of the laminate.

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Resin: PET
Drying Time: 4 hours
Drying Temperature: 65°C
Platen Temperature: 260°C
Press Pressure: 85 psi, 5.9 bar
Time at Melt: 2 min
Cooling Rate: 8-17°C/min
Material Removal Temperature: 66°C
Processing Notes
